

Learning GOAL: Students will learn about the colonial struggle for independence from the British empire.

Learning Target: Students will learn how:

- using **guerrilla warfare** tactics helped the Patriots
- **John Paul John's quote served as an inspiration** in the struggle for independence.

**Thursday,
Nov. 14, 2013**

Today's Agenda

- ~Sharing main ideas on ch 6.3
Cornell notes on selected headings
(Cornell notes on selected reading)
- ~Guerrilla warfare

Clips from the movie **Patriot**

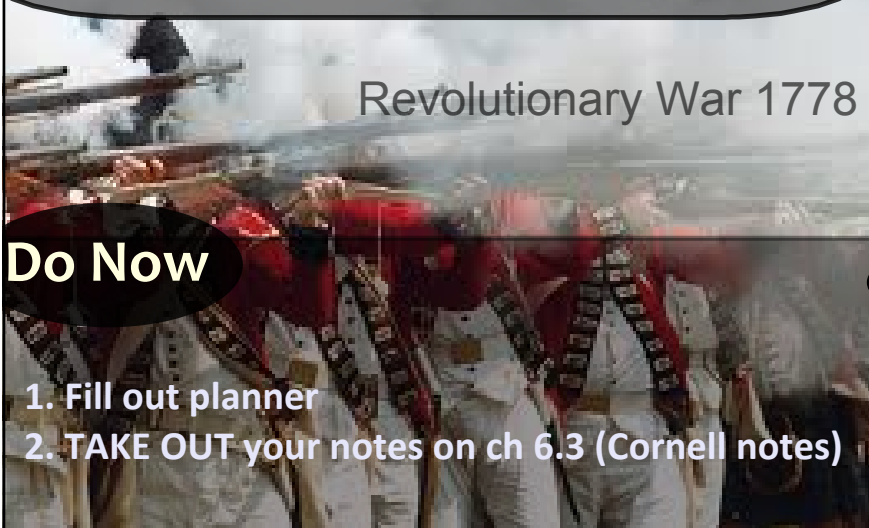


Do Now

1. Fill out planner
2. TAKE OUT your notes on ch 6.3 (Cornell notes)

HW

- ~ Ch 6.4 Cornell notes (assigned reading)
- ~EDPs Tues, Nov. 19
- ~Study for Common Assessment Friday, Nov. 22



John Paul Jones

- An American naval officer (Patriot)
- Jones' ship (Bonhomme Richard) was attacked by a British ship (Sirapis) and severely damaged. When asked to surrender Jones replied "***I have not yet begun to fight***".
- He became an American hero

Struggles in the South

- Patriots won battle of Moore's Creek (saving Charles Town).
- British strategy to bring the American colonies back: concentrate the war in the South instead.
- **Why?** Many Loyalists live in the South. Loyalist could/would help win the war.
- Initially, the strategy worked.

Guerrilla warfare

- The British received little help from the Southern Loyalists.
- The Patriots successfully used guerrilla warfare (hit and run/hide) tactics against the British.
- A famous guerrilla leader: Francis Marion....aka: The Swamp Fox.

British Retreat

- In April 1781, Gral. Charles Cornwallis marched north to Virginia attacking colonists along the way.
- Almost captures Thomas Jefferson and the VA legislature.
- Washington sends Lafayette and Gral. Wayne to fight Cornwallis.
- Cornwallis sets camp in Yorktown (VA coast) .